

# Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

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LOCTITE SF 7649 known as Loctite 7649

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# **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

### 1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE SF 7649 known as Loctite 7649

**1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** Intended use: activator

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd Adhesives Wood Lane End HP2 4RQ Hemel Hempstead

Great Britain

Phone: +44 (1442) 278000 Fax-no.: +44 (1442) 278071

ua-productsafety.uk@henkel.com

For Safety Data Sheet updates please visit our website https://mysds.henkel.com/index.html#/appSelection or www.henkel-adhesives.com.

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (CLP):	
Aerosol	Category 1
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.	
H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.	
Serious eye irritation	Category 2
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Target organ: Central nervous system	
Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 3
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:	
Contains	acetone
Signal word:	Danger
Hazard statement:	<ul> <li>H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Supplemental information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Precautionary statement:	<ul> <li>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>"***" ***For consumer use only: P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulation.***</li> <li>P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> <li>P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.</li> <li>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statement: Prevention	P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing. P261 Avoid breathing spray.
Precautionary statement: Response	P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The aerosol container is under pressure. Do not expose to high temperatures. Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria. None if used properly.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.2. Mixtures

General chemical description:

Activator

### Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components	EC Number	content	Classification
CAS-No.	REACH-Reg No.		
acetone	200-662-2	50-100 %	Flam. Liq. 2
67-64-1	01-2119471330-49		H225
			Eye Irrit. 2
			H319
			STOT SE 3
			H336
Propane	200-827-9	10- 20 %	Flam. Gas 1A
74-98-6	01-2119486944-21		H220
			Press. Gas
			H280
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt	244-846-0	0,1-<1%	Repr. 2
22221-10-9			H361d
			Aquatic Acute 1
			H400
			Aquatic Chronic 1
			H410
			Acute Tox. 4; Oral
			H302
			Eye Dam. 1
			H318
			M factor (Acute Aquat Tox): 10
2-ethylhexanoic acid	205-743-6	0,1 < 1%	Repr. 2
149-57-5	01-2119488942-23		H361d

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact: Rinse with running water and soap. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

### Eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes), seek medical attention from a specialist.

Ingestion: Rinse out mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting. Seek medical advice.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

**5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media:** Carbon dioxide, foam, powder

### **Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:** Water spray jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) can be released.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.

#### Additional information:

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear protective equipment.

### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For small spills wipe up with paper towel and place in container for disposal. For large spills absorb onto inert absorbent material and place in sealed container for disposal. Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Vapours should be extracted to avoid inhalation. Keep away from sources of ignition - no smoking. Avoid skin and eye contact. See advice in section 8

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Refer to Technical Data Sheet

**7.3. Specific end use(s)** activator

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	1.500	3.620	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	15 minutes	EH40 WEL

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for Ireland

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ррт	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative OELV	IR_OEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5 [ETHYL HEXANOIC ACID]		5	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		IR_OEL

# Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):

Name on list	Environmental		Value				Remarks
	Compartment	period					
			mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
acetone	aqua		21 mg/l				
67-64-1	(intermittent		_				
	releases)						
acetone	sewage		100 mg/l				
67-64-1	treatment plant		_				
	(STP)						
acetone	sediment				30,4 mg/kg		
67-64-1	(freshwater)						
acetone	sediment				3,04 mg/kg		
67-64-1	(marine water)						
acetone	Soil				29,5 mg/kg		
67-64-1							
acetone	aqua		10,6 mg/l				
67-64-1	(freshwater)						
acetone	aqua (marine		1,06 mg/l				
67-64-1	water)						
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	aqua		0,36 mg/l				
149-57-5	(freshwater)						
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	aqua (marine		0,036 mg/l				
149-57-5	water)						
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	aqua		0,493 mg/l				
149-57-5	(intermittent						
	releases)						
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	sewage		71,7 mg/l				
149-57-5	treatment plant						
	(STP)						
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	sediment				6,37 mg/kg		
149-57-5	(freshwater)				5.0		
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	sediment				0,637		
149-57-5	(marine water)				mg/kg		
2-Ethylhexanoic acid	Soil				1,06 mg/kg		
149-57-5					0.0		

# **Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):**

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		2420 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		186 mg/kg	
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1210 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		200 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		2 mg/kg	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		14 mg/m3	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1 mg/kg	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		3,5 mg/m3	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1 mg/kg	

# **Biological Exposure Indices:**

None

### 8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls: Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area

Use filter A-P2 if vapours/aerosols occur which may be inhaled.

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR;  $\geq 0.4$  mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

#### Eye protection:

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing. Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing. Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance aerosol green Odor pungent Odour threshold No data available / Not applicable pН Not applicable pН Mixture is non-polar/aprotic. Melting point No data available / Not applicable Solidification temperature No data available / Not applicable Initial boiling point 56 °C (132.8 °F) -18 °C (0.4 °F) Flash point Evaporation rate No data available / Not applicable Flammability No data available / Not applicable Explosive limits lower 2,5 %(V) 13 %(V) upper 230 mbar Vapour pressure (20 °C (68 °F)) Relative vapour density: No data available / Not applicable Density 0,8 g/cm3 (20 °C (68 °F)) Bulk density No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable Solubility Miscible Solubility (qualitative) (Solvent: Water) Solubility (qualitative) Soluble (Solvent: Acetone) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable Auto-ignition temperature No data available / Not applicable Decomposition temperature Viscosity No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable Viscosity (kinematic) Explosive properties No data available / Not applicable Oxidising properties No data available / Not applicable

### 9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity** Reacts with strong oxidants.

#### **10.2.** Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### **10.3.** Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

### **10.5. Incompatible materials**

See section reactivity.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Irritating organic vapours.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

### Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LD50	5.800 mg/kg	rat	not specified
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	LD50	481 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	LD50	2.043 mg/kg	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

### Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
acetone	LD50	> 15.688 mg/kg	rabbit	Draize Test
67-64-1				
2-ethylhexanoic acid,	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
copper salt				
22221-10-9				
2-ethylhexanoic acid	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
149-57-5				

### Acute inhalative toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Test atmosphere	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LC50	76 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	not specified
Propane 74-98-6	LC50	> 800000 ppm	gas	15 min	rat	not specified

### Skin corrosion/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not irritating		guinea pig	not specified
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

# Serious eye damage/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper salt 22221-10-9	corrosive	4 h	Bovine, cornea, in vitro test	OECD Guideline 437 (BCOP)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

# Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	guinea pig	not specified

### Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Propane 74-98-6	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Propane 74-98-6	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		Ames Test
acetone 67-64-1	negative	oral: drinking water		mouse	not specified
Propane 74-98-6	negative			Drosophila melanogaster	not specified
Propane 74-98-6	negative	inhalation: gas		rat	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

### Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Sex	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not carcinogenic	dermal	424 d 3 times per week	mouse	female	not specified

# **Reproductive toxicity:**

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result / Value	Test type	Route of	Species	Method
CAS-No.			application		
Propane	NOAEL P 21,6 mg/l	screening	inhalation:	rat	OECD Guideline 422
74-98-6			gas		(Combined Repeated Dose
	NOAEL F1 21,6 mg/l		-		Toxicity Study with the
	_				Reproduction /
					Developmental Toxicity
					Screening Test)

# STOT-single exposure:

No data available.

# STOT-repeated exposure::

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
acetone	NOAEL 900 mg/kg	oral:	13 w	rat	OECD Guideline 408
67-64-1		drinking	daily		(Repeated Dose 90-Day
		water			Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Propane		inhalation:	28 d	rat	OECD Guideline 422
74-98-6		gas	6 h/d, 7 d/w		(Combined Repeated
		-			Dose Toxicity Study with
					the Reproduction /
					Developmental Toxicity
					Screening Test)

### Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

# 12.1. Toxicity

# Toxicity (Fish):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone	LC50	8.120 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
67-64-1					Acute Toxicity Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper	LC50	0,06368 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
salt					Acute Toxicity Test)
22221-10-9					
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper	NOEC	0,06316 mg/l	30 d	Oncorhynchus mykiss	other guideline:
salt					
22221-10-9					
2-ethylhexanoic acid	LC50	> 100 mg/l	96 h	Oryzias latipes	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
149-57-5					Acute Toxicity Test)

# Toxicity (Daphnia):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	EC50	8.800 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia pulex	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	EC50	913 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

### Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone	NOEC	2.212 mg/l	28 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia
67-64-1					magna, Reproduction Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid	NOEC	18 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia
149-57-5		-			magna, Reproduction Test)

Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	NOEC	530 mg/l	8 d	Microcystis aeruginosa	DIN 38412-09
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	EC50	500 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	EC10	231,2 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

# Toxicity to microorganisms

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone	EC10	1.000 mg/l	30 min	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 27
67-64-1		-		_	(Bacterial oxygen
					consumption test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid	EC10	72 mg/l	17 h		DIN 38412, part 8
149-57-5		-			(Pseudomonas
					Zellvermehrungshemm-
					Test)

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure time	Method
acetone 67-64-1	readily biodegradable	aerobic	81 - 92 %	30 d	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	inherently biodegradable	aerobic	> 70 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 302 B (Inherent biodegradability: Zahn- Wellens/EMPA Test)
2-ethylhexanoic acid 149-57-5	readily biodegradable	aerobic	99 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 E (Ready biodegradability: Modified OECD Screening Test)

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Hazardous substances	LogPow	Temperature	Method
CAS-No.			
acetone	-0,24		OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake
67-64-1			Flask Method)
2-ethylhexanoic acid, copper	4,37		QSAR (Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship)
salt			
22221-10-9			
2-ethylhexanoic acid	2,7	25 °C	OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake
149-57-5			Flask Method)

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous substances	PBT / vPvB
CAS-No.	
acetone	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
67-64-1	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Propane	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
74-98-6	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
2-ethylhexanoic acid	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
149-57-5	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

# 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# **13.1.** Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations. Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

#### Waste code

14 06 03 Other solvents and solvent mixtures

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1.	UN number	
	ADR	1950
	RID	1950
	ADN	1950
	IMDG	1950
	IATA	1950
14.2.	UN proper shipping name	
	ADR	AEROSOLS
	RID	AEROSOLS
	ADN	AEROSOLS
	IMDG	AEROSOLS
	IATA	Aerosols, flammable
14.3.	Transport hazard class(es)	
	ADR	2.1
	RID	2.1
	ADN	2.1
	IMDG	2.1
	IATA	2.1
14.4.	Packing group	
	ADR	
	RID	
	ADN	
	IMDG	
	IATA	
14.5.	Environmental	hazards
	ADR	not applicable
	RID	not applicable
	ADN	not applicable
	IMDG	not applicable
	IATA	not applicable
14.6.	Special precaut	tions for user

ADR	not applicable
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Tunnelcode: (D)
not applicable
not applicable
not applicable
not applicable

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS) (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009): Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (Regulation (EU) No 649/2012): Persistent organic pollutants (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021): VOC content 98,2 %

(2010/75/EC)

Not applicable Not applicable

Not applicable

This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148: all suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point. Please see https://ec.europa.eu/home-affairs/what-we-do/policies/counter-terrorism/protection/implementation-explosives-precursors-legislation\_en.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

- of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:
  - H220 Extremely flammable gas.
  - H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
  - H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
  - H302 Harmful if swallowed.
  - H318 Causes serious eye damage.
  - H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
  - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
  - H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
  - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
  - H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Further information:**

This Safety Data Sheet has been produced for sales from Henkel to parties purchasing from Henkel, is based on Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and provides information in accordance with applicable regulations of the European Union only. In that respect, no statement, warranty or representation of any kind is given as to compliance with any statutory laws or regulations of any other jurisdiction or territory other than the European Union. When exporting to territories other than the European Union, please consult with the respective Safety Data Sheet of the concerned territory to ensure compliance or liaise with Henkel's Product Safety and Regulatory Affairs Department (ua-productsafety.de@henkel.com) prior to export to other territories than the European Union.

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

### Dear Customer,

Henkel is committed to creating a sustainable future by promoting opportunities along the entire value chain. If you would like to contribute by switching from a paper to the electronic version of SDS, please contact the local Customer Service representative. We recommend to use a non-personal email address (e.g. SDS@your\_company.com).

Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.