ProLabs

DATA SHEET: Transceivers

PROLABS - GLC-FE-100EX-C

125 MBd Fast Ethernet SFP (Small Form Pluggable) Transceiver with Digital Diagnostics

GLC-FE-100EX-C Overview

PROLABS's GLC-FE-100EX-C Fast Ethernet SFP optical transceivers are comply with Fast Ethernet standards at 125MBd data rate. The GLC-FE-100EX-C SFP optical transceivers with digital diagnostics monitoring functionality provide a quick and reliable interface for singlemode applications. The Digital Diagnostics functions are available via a 2 wire serial bus. In addition, they comply with the Small Form Factor Pluggable Multi Sourcing Agreement (MSA).

Product Features

- Up to 125 MBd bi-directional data links
- Comply to SFP MSA
- Built-in digital diagnostics functions
- Hot-pluggable SFP footprint
- Uncooled 1310nm FP laser transmitter
- Duplex LC connector
- Up to 40Km on SMF
- Single power supply 3.3V
- RoHS Compliance
- Class 1 laser product complies with EN 60825-1
- Operating temperature range: 0°C to 70°C.

Applications

125MBd Fast Ethernet

Ordering Information

Ordering information	JII
Part Number	Description
GLC-FE-100EX-C	Fast Ethernet SFP LC Connectors 1310nm SingleMode 40KM

General Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Remarks
Data Rate	DR		125		MBd	
Bit Error Rate	BER			10^{-12}		
Operating Temperature	T_{OP}	0		70	°C	Case temperature
Storage Temperature	T_{STO}	- 40		85	°C	Ambient temperature
Supply Current	Is		165	300	mA	For electrical power interface
Input Voltage	V_{CC}	3.1	3.3	3.5	V	
Maximum Voltage	V_{MAX}	- 0.5		4.5	V	For electrical power interface



Optical Characteristics – Transmitter V_{CC} =3.1V to 3.5V, T_{C} =0 $^{\circ}$ C to 70 $^{\circ}$ C

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Output Optical Power	P_{TX}	- 5		0	dBm	Class 1 Product
Optical Center Wavelength	λ_{C}	1260		1360	nm	
Extinction Ratio	ER	10	11		dB	
Spectral Width (RMS)	Δλ			3	nm	
Optical Rise/Fall Time (20% - 80%)	T _{RF IN}			1300	ps	Unfiltered
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			- 120	dB/Hz	
Generated Jitter (peak to peak)	GJ_T			0.07	UI	
Generated Jitter (rms)	GJ_{RMS}		•	0.007	UI	
Mask Margin	·		20%			

Optical Characteristics – Receiver

 V_{CC} =3.1V to 3.5V, T_{C} =0°C to 70°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Optical Center Wavelength	λ_{C}	1260		1360	nm	
Average Rx Sensitivity	R_{X_SEN}	- 34		– 10	dBm	PRBS 2 ²³ -1
Loss of Signal-Asserted	P_{LOS_A}	- 45			dBm	
Loss of Signal-Deasserted	P_{LOS_D}			- 34	dBm	
Loss of Signal-Hysteresis		0.5			dB	

Electrical Characteristics – Transmitter

 V_{CC} =3.1V to 3.5V, T_{C} =0°C to 70°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Input differential impedance	R _{IN}		100		Ω	Non condensing
Single ended data input swing	V_{IN_PP}	250		1200	mV	
Transmit disable voltage	V_D	V _{CC} - 1.3		V_{CC}	V	
Transmit enable voltage	V_{EN}	V _{EE}		V _{EE} +0. 8	V	
Transmit Disable Assert Time				10	us	

Electrical Characteristics – Receiver

 V_{CC} =3.1V to 3.5V, T_C =0°C to 70°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Single ended data output swing	V_{OUT_PP}	300	400	800	mV	
Data output rise time (10%-90%)	T_R		400	1300	ps	
LOS Fault	V_{LOS_Fault}	V _{CC} -		V _{CC HO}	V	
		0.5		ST		
LOS Normal	V_{LOS_normal}	V_{EE}		V_{EE} +0.	V	
				5		



Digital Diagnostic Functions

GLC-FE-100EX-C support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP MSA. Digital diagnostic information are accessible over the 2-wire interface at the address 0xA2. Digital Diagnostics for GLC-FE-100EX-C are internally calibrated by default. A micro controller unit inside the transceiver gathers the monitoring information and reports the status of transceiver.

Transceiver Temperature, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit signed twos complement value in increments of 1/256 degrees Celsius, Temperature accuracy is better than ±3 degrees Celsius over specified operating temperature and voltage.

Transceiver Supply Power, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit unsigned integer with the voltage defined as the full 16 bit value (0-65535) with LSB equal to 100 μ Volt, yielding a total range of 0 to +6.55 Volts.

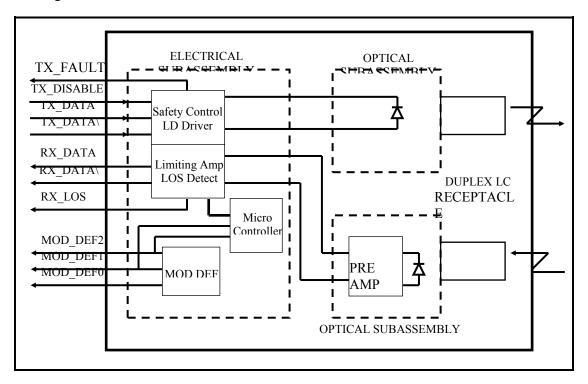
Transceiver TX bias current, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit unsigned integer with the current defined as the full 16 bit value (0 - 65535) with LSB equal to 2 μ A, yielding a total range of 0 to 131mA. Accuracy is better than $\pm 10\%$ over specified operating temperature and voltage.

Transceiver TX output power, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit unsigned integer with the power defined as the full 16 bit value (0-65535) with LSB equal to 0.1 μ W. Data is assumed to be based on measurement of laser monitor photodiode current. Accuracy is better than ± 3 dB over specified temperature and voltage. Data is not valid when the transmitter is disabled.

Transceiver RX received optical power, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit unsigned integer with the power defined as the full 16 bit 35 value (0-65535) with LSB equal to 0.1 μ W. Accuracy is better than ± 3 dB over specified temperature and voltage.

Parameter	Symbol	Accuracy	Units	Report Range		Unit	Remarks
Temperature	T _{MON}	±3	°C	- 40	95	°C	
Voltage	V_{MON}	±0.1	V	2.7	3.9	V	
Bias Current	I _{MON}	±10	%	1	80	mA	
Tx Power	P_{MON}	±3	dB	- 10	5	dBm	
Rx Power	P_{MON}	±3	dB	- 40	0	dBm	

Block Diagram of Transceiver



Transmitter Section

The FP driver accept differential input data and provide bias and modulation currents for driving a laser. An automatic power-control (APC) feedback loop is incorporated to maintain a constant average optical power. 1310 nm in an eye safe optical subassembly (OSA) mates to the fiber cable.

TX DISABLE

The TX_DISABLE signal is high (TTL logic "1") to turn off the laser output. The laser will turn on within 1ms when TX_DISABLE is low (TTL logic "0").

TX_FAULT

When the TX_FAULT signal is high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation.

Receiver Section

The receiver utilizes a PIN detector integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier in an OSA. This OSA is connected to a Limiting Amplifier which providing post-amplification quantization, and optical signal detection. The limiting Amplifier is AC-coupled to the transimpedance amplifier, with internal 100Ω differential termination.

Receive Loss (RX LOS)

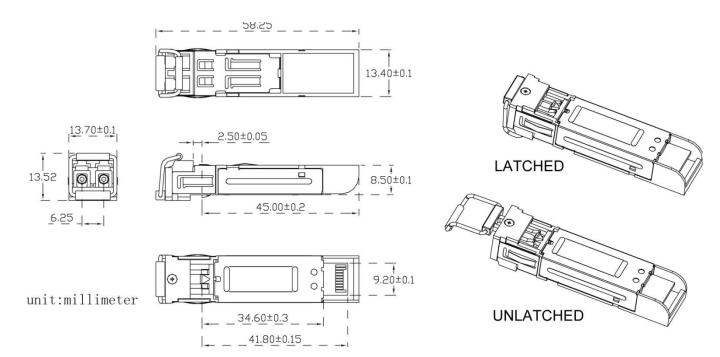
The RX_LOS is high (logic "1") when there is no incoming light from the companion transceiver. This signal is normally used by the system for the diagnostic purpose. The signal is operated in TTL level.

Controller Section

The micro controller unit monitors the operation information of LD driver and Limiting Amplifier. And report these status to the customer.



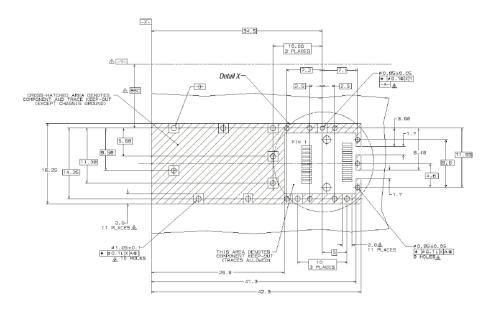
Dimensions



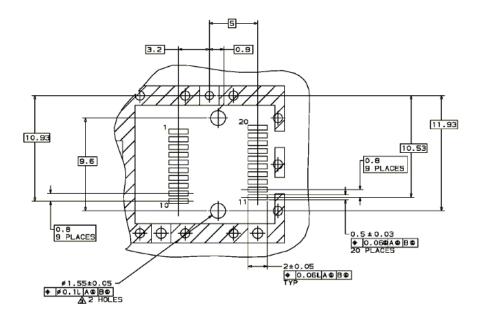
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE ±0.2mm UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED UNIT: mm



PCB Layout Recommendation

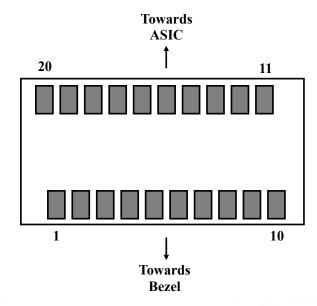


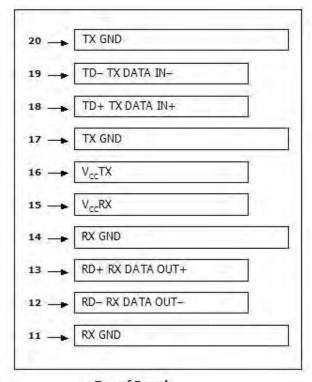
- Datum and Basic Dimension Established by Customer
- Rads and Vias are Chassis Ground, 11 Places
- AThrough Holes are Unplated

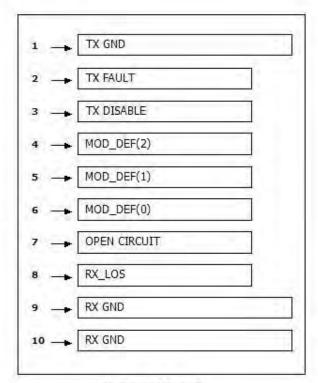




Electrical Pad Layout







Top of Board

Bottom of Board



Pin Assignment

PIN#	Symbol	Description	Remarks
1	V_{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	Circuit ground is isolated from chassis ground
2	T_{FAULT}	Transmitter Fault. Not supported	Ŭ
3	T_{DIS}	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disable on high or open	Disabled: T _{DIS} >2V or open Enabled: T _{DIS} <0.8V
4	MOD_DEF (2)	Module Definition 2. Data line for serial ID	Should Be pulled up with
5	MOD_DEF (1)	Module Definition 1. Clock line for serial ID	4.7k – 10k ohm on host
6	MOD_DEF (0)	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module	board to a voltage between 2V and 3.6V
7	Rate Select	No connection required	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation	LOS is open collector output
9	V_{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	Cincuit amound in
10	V_{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	Circuit ground is isolated
11	V_{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	from chassis ground
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC coupled	
14	V_{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	Circuit ground is isolated from chassis ground
15	V_{CCR}	Receiver power supply	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter power supply	
17	V_{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	Circuit ground is connected to chassis ground
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC coupled	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC coupled	
20	V_{EET}	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	Circuit ground is connected to chassis ground

References

- IEEE standard 802.3. IEEE Standard Department, 2002.
 Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) Transceiver Multi-Source Agreement (MSA), September 2000.
 Bellcore GR-253 and ITU-T G.957 Specifications.