

# SAFETY DATA SHEET ARBOSIL 1090

SECTION 1: Identification of	the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking	
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	ARBOSIL 1090	
1.2. Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Neutral cure building sealant.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of	the safety data sheet	
Supplier	Adshead Ratcliffe & Co. Ltd. Derby Road, Belper Derbyshire. DE56 1WJ Tel. (+44) 01773 826661 Fax. (+44) 01773 821215 sds@arbo.co.uk	
1.4. Emergency telephone number		
Emergency telephone	(+44) 01773 826661 (office hours only)	
SECTION 2: Hazards identified	cation	
2.1. Classification of the subs	stance or mixture	
Classification		
Physical hazards	Not Classified	
Health hazards	Eye Dam. 1 - H318	
Environmental hazards	Not Classified	
2.2. Label elements Pictogram		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	H318 Causes serious eye damage.	
Precautionary statements	P280 Wear eye protection. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.	
Contains	TITANIUMACETYLACETATE	
2.3. Other hazards		
SECTION 3: Composition/infe	ormation on ingredients	

#### 3.2. Mixtures

TITANIUMACETYLACETATE		1-5%
CAS number: 83877-91-2	EC number: 281-161-6	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
STOT SE 3 - H335, H336		
BIS-(N-METHYLBENZAMIDO)-M	ETHYLETHOXYSILANE	1-5%
CAS number: 16230-35-6	EC number: 240-354-5	
Classification		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H335		
n-METHYLBENZAMID		<1%
CAS number: 613-93-4	EC number: 210-362-3	
Classification		
Acute Tox. 3 - H301		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
DIOCTYLTIN DILAURATE		<1%
CAS number: 3648-18-8	EC number: 222-883-3	
Classification		
Repr. 2 - H361		
STOT RE 2 - H373		

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures			
4.1. Description of first aid	4.1. Description of first aid measures		
General information	In all cases of doubt, or if symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.		
Inhalation	If inhalation causes adverse effects, remove to fresh air.		
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Give milk instead of water if readily available. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.		
Skin contact	Wipe off excess material with cloth or paper. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.		
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.		
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed			

### Inhalation No specific symptoms known

Inhalation	No specific symptoms known.

Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.
Skin contact	Skin irritation should not occur when used as recommended.
Eye contact	May cause serious eye damage.
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water spray, fog or mist. Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	No specific firefighting precautions known.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Wear appropriate protective clothing. Avoid contact with eyes.
6.2. Environmental precaution	S
Environmental precautions	Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Clean any slippery coating that remains using a detergent / soap solution or other biodegradable cleaner.
6.4. Reference to other section	ns
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see section 13.
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	ling
Usage precautions	Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
7.2. Conditions for safe storag	e, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Storage class	Unspecified storage.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	

**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

innable sealant.
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### SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

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Occupational exposure limits
DIOCTYLTIN DILAURATE
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Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> as Sn

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

### TITANIUMACETYLACETATE (CAS: 83877-91-2)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 254 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 303 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 220 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 22 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.1 mg/l - Marine water; 0.01 mg/l - Intermittent release; 1 mg/l - STP; 28 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 0.0816 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 0.0082 mg/kg

- Soil; 0.019 mg/kg

### 8.2. Exposure controls

## Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation.
Eye/face protection	Wear eye protection. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.
Other skin and body protection	Provide eyewash station.
Hygiene measures	Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated.
Respiratory protection	No specific recommendations.
SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties	

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Uncured -paste. Cured - rubber.
Colour	Various colours.
Odour	Slight.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and range	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Evaporation factor	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	Not applicable.
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Relative density	1.18 - 1.20 @ 20°C
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	As paste: 450°C
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.
Viscosity	5,000 - 7,000 P @ 20°C
Explosive properties	Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	The mixture itself has not been tested but none of the ingredient substances meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.
9.2. Other information	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decompositionNone at ambient temperatures. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbonproductsoxides and other toxic gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Toxicological effects	There are no data available on this product.	
Acute toxicity - oral ATE oral (mg/kg)	22,433.04	
	22,700.07	
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD∞)	For this endpoint no toxicological data is available for the whole product.	
Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	For this endpoint no toxicological data is available for the whole product.	
Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Contains a substance which is classified as causing serious damage to eyes.	
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity -		
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.	
Specific target organ toxicity -		
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	Not relevant, due to the form of the product.	
Inhalation	Not relevant at normal room temperatures. When heated, toxic vapours may be formed.	
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.	
Skin contact	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
Eye contact	May cause serious eye damage.	
Toxicological information on ingredients.		

### TITANIUMACETYLACETATE

#### Acute toxicity - oral

	Notes (oral LD <sub>50</sub> )	LD₅₀ > 2000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat
	Acute toxicity - inh	nalation
	Notes (inhalation	LC <sub>50</sub> ) LC50 18180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , Inhalation, Rat Read-across data.
SECTION 12	2: Ecological Inforn	nation
Ecotoxicity		In cross-linked state not soluble in water. Easily separable from water by filtration.
12.1. Toxicit	y	
Toxicity		There are no data for the product.
Ecological ir	nformation on ingre	dients.
		TITANIUMACETYLACETATE
	Acute toxicity - fis	h LC₀₀, 96 hours: 1460 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
	Acute toxicity - aq invertebrates	uatic EC₅₀, 48 hours: >= 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aq plants	uatic EC₅₀, 72 hours: > 100 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
	Acute toxicity - microorganisms	TT (Toxicity threshold), 16 hours: 280 mg/l, Pseudomonas putida
12.2. Persist	tence and degrada	bility
Persistence	and degradability	Silicone content: biologically not degradable.
Ecological ir	nformation on ingre	dients.
		TITANIUMACETYLACETATE
	Biodegradation	Expected to be readily biodegradable. Water - Degradation 44%: 23 hours Read-across data.
12.3. Bioaco	cumulative potential	<u>I</u>
Bioaccumula	ative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of this product.
Partition coe	efficient	Not applicable.
12.4. Mobilit	y in soil	
Mobility		The product is insoluble in water.
12.5. Result	s of PBT and vPvB	assessment
Results of P assessment	BT and vPvB	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
12.6. Other a	adverse effects	
SECTION 1	3: Disposal conside	erations
13.1. Waste	treatment methods	
General info	ormation	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
Disposal me	thods	Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations.

Waste class	Not hazardous by HP4: ingredients classified as H318 <10% Recommended EWC Code 08 04 10	
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation	
General	The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).	
14.1. UN number		
Not applicable.		
14.2. UN proper shipping name	9	
Not applicable.		
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	<u>s)</u>	
No transport warning sign required.		
14.4. Packing group		
Not applicable.		
14.5. Environmental hazards		
Environmentally hazardous su	bstance/marine pollutant	
No.		
14.6. Special precautions for u	ser	
Not applicable.		
14.7. Transport in bulk accordi	ng to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.	
SECTION 15: Regulatory infor	mation	
15.1. Safety, health and enviro	nmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 REACH (as amended). Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 CLP (as amended).	
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.	
15.2. Chemical safety assessn	nent	
No chemical safety assessmer	nt has been carried out.	
SECTION 16: Other information	n	
Devision comments		

Revision comments	Classification and labelling according to CLP Regulations.	
Revision date	17/09/2015	
Supersedes date	14/11/2012	
SDS number	10165	

Hazard	statements	in full
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- H301 Toxic if swallowed.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.