# Issue H/3 SAFETY DATA SHEET

July 2014

# SECTION 1; IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCES/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

# 1.1. Product identifier

Product name	ADESCO AEROSOL VINYL ADHESIVE
Product No.	ADH V 500

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substances or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Spray adhesive Vinyl

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the data sheet

Supplier

Anixter Adhesives 3 Edmund Road Sheffield S2 4EB

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

0114 2709300

## SECTION 2; HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

	Physical and chemical hazards	Flam. Aerosol 1- H222
	Human health	EUH066;Eye Irrit. 2 – H319; STOT SE 3 – H336
	Environment	Aquatic Chronic 3 0 H412
Classification (1999/45/EEC)	Xi; R36 F+; R12. R52/53, R66, R	67

The full text for all R-Phrases and Hazard statements are displayed in Section 16.

# 2.2 Label Elements

Label in Accordance with (EC) No. 1272/2008



**1 |** P a g e

Anixter	Issue	H/3 July 2014
Signal word`	Danger	
Hazard statements		
	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Staten	nents	
	P102	Keep out of reach of children.
	P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No
		Smoking.
	P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
	P251	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/ eye protection/ Face protection.
	P261	Avoid breathing vapour/spray.
	P337+313	if eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTRE or Doctor/physician.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local Regulations.
Supplementary preca	autionary statements	
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P264	Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
	P304+340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in Position comfortable for breathing.
	P305+351+338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue Rinsing.
	P308+313	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
	P403	Store in a well-ventilated place
	P410+412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures Exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Supplement label int	formation	
	EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
2.3. Other hazards		

Pressurised container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn even after use. Do not spray on naked flame or any incandescent material – NO SMOKING.

Issue H/3

July 2014

# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

ACETONE			10-30%
CAS-No.: 67-64-1	EC No.: 200-662-2	Registration number: 01-211	9471330-49
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. (Cat 2); H225		F;R11.Xi;R36. R66. R67	
Eye irritation (Cat 2); H319			
Specific target organ toxicity – sin	gle exposure (Cat 3), Cen	tral nervous system, H336	
		Supplemental; EUH066	
PETROLEUM GASES LIQUIFIED			20-40%
CAS- No.: 68476-85-7	EC No.: 270-704-2		20 .070
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Gas 1 – H220		F+;R12	
Butanone		· /··	1-3%
CAS No: 78-93-3	EC No: 201-159-0		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Lig 2 - H225		R11; R23/24/25; R39/23/24/25	
Acute Toxicity, Oral (Cat 3), H301			
Acute Toxicity, Inhalation (Cat 3),	H331		
Acute Toxicity, Dermal (Cat 3), H3			
Specific target organ toxicity – sin		0	
Heptane	<u> </u>		2-6%%
CAS- No.: 142-82-5	EC No.: 205-563-8		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq (Cat 2) – H225		F;R11.Xn;R65. Xi;R38 R67 N; R50/53	
Skin Irritation (Cat 2) – H315			
Specific target organ toxicity – sin	gle exposure (Cat 3), Cen	tral nervous system, H336	
Aspiration hazard (Cat 1), H304			
Chronic aquatic toxicity (Cat 1), H	410		
Hexane			
CAS No: 110-54-3	EC No: 203-777-6		1-3%
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq (Cat 2), H225		F+;R11. Repr Cat3; R62.Xn; R48/20. R65;	Xi R38
Skin Irritation (Cat 2), H315		R67. N; R51/53	
Reproductive Toxicity (Cat 2), H36			
Specific target organ toxicity – sin	• • • •		
Specific target organ toxicity – rep	beated exposure (Cat 3), I	1373	
Aspiration hazard (Cat 1), H304 Chronic aquatic toxicity (Cat 2), H	111		
	711		1-3%
			1 3/3
Propan-2-ol	EC No.: 200-661-7		
Propan-2-ol CAS- No.: 67-63-0 Classification (EC 1272/2008)	EC No.: 200-661-7	Classification (67/548/EEC)	

Anixter	Issue H/3	July	<mark>y 201</mark> 4
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure (Cat 3), Central	nervous system, H336	
Eye Irritation (Cat 2); H319			
Toluene		1-3%	,
CAS- No.: 108-88-3	EC No.: 203-625-9		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq (Cat 2); H225		F+;R11.Repr Cat 3; R63.Xn;R48/20,R65.Xi; R38; R6	67
Skin Irritation (Cat 2); H315			
Reproductive toxicity (Cat 2); H	I361d		
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure (Cat 3), Central	nervous system, H336	
Specific target organ toxicity –	repeated exposure (Cat 3), H37	3	

Aspiration hazard Cat 1 – H304 The full text for all R-Phrases and hazard statements are displayed in Section 16.

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

# **General information**

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

### Inhalation

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

### Ingestion

DO NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water. Get prompt medical attention.

## Skin contact

Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

# Eye Contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

# SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Fire can be extinguished using: foam; carbon dioxide; dry powder

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual fire & Explosion hazards

Aerosol cans may explode in fire.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

4 | Page

### Issue H/3 SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

July 2014

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to a safe area. Beware of vapours accumulating in low areas.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Let evaporate. Keep out of confined spaces because of explosion risk. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Wear protective clothing as described in section 8 of this safety data sheet.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

	STD	TWA-8H	lrs	STEL – 15	Min	Notes
ACETONE	WEL	500 ppm	1210	1500	3620	UK EH40 WEL
			mg/m³	ppm	mg/m3	
PETROLEUM GASES	WEL	1000	1250	1250	2180	UK EH40 WEL
LIQUIFIED		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m3	
HEPTANE	WEL	500ppm	2085	1500	6255	UK EH40 WEL
			mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	
BUTANONE	WEL	200ppm	260	250	333	UK EH40 WEL
			mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	
HEXANE	WEL	20ppm	72	60ppm	216	UK EH40 WEL
			mg/m³		mg/m³	
Propan-2-ol	WEL	440ppm	999	500ppm	1250	UK EH40 WEL
			mg/m³		mg/m³	
TOLUENE	WEL	50ppm	191	100ppm	384	UK EH40 WEL
			mg/m³		mg/m³	

Comment [KE1]:

WEL = Workplace exposure limit.

Anixter 8.2 Exposure controls Issue H/3

July 2014

Protective equipment







**Engineering measures** 

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

### **Respiratory equipment**

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.

### Hand protection

Use protective gloves.

### Eye protection

Wear splash proof goggles to prevent any possibility of eye contact

## Other protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

### Hygiene measures

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol
Colour	Clear
Odour	Hydrocarbon solvent
Solubility	Slightly soluble in water
Initial boiling point and boiling range	40 (°C)
Relative density	0.665
Flash point (°C)	- 40 not noted.
Comments	Can pressures 70psi

# 9.2 Other information

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# 10.1 Reactivity

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Issue H/3

July 2014

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames and other sources or ignition.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong acids, strong oxidising substances and strong alkalis.

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Inhalation Harmful by inhalation

### Ingestion

May cause discomfort if swallowed.

### Skin contact

Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. May cause sensitisation by skin contact

### Eye contact

Spray and vapour may cause Irritation and smarting

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## Ecotoxicity

The product contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms and which may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

# 12.1 Toxicity

12.2 Persistence and degradability

12.3 Bio accumulative potential

12.4 Mobility in soil

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment

# 12.6 Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**7 |** Page

Issue H/3

# July 2014

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Empty containers must not be burned because of explosion hazard. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

# SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# 14.1 UN Number

UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN)	1950
UN No. (IMDG)	1950
UN No. (ICAO)	1950

# 14.2 UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name – AEROSOLS

# 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN class	2.1
ADR/RID/ADN class	Class 2: Gases
ADR Label No	2.1
IMDG Class	2.1
ICAO Class/division	2.1
CEFIC TEC <sup>®</sup> No	20GSF
Air Class	2.1
UK Road Class	2.1
Transport labels	L.Q.



# 14.4 Packing group

Not applicable.

# 14.5 Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant. No.

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

EMS F-D, S-U Tunnel restriction code (D)

### Anixter Issue H/3 14.7 transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC code.

# July 2014

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Statutory instruments

The chemicals (Hazard information and packaging for supply) regulations 2009 (S.I 2009 No. 716). Control of substances hazardous to health.

Approved code of practice.

Classification and labelling of substances and preparations dangerous for supply. Safety data sheets for substances and preparations.

Guidance notes

Workplace exposure limits EH40. Introduction to Local exhaust ventilation HS(G)37. CHIP for everyone HSG(108). EU Legislation

Dangerous substance directive 67/548/EEC. Dangerous preparations directive 1999/45/EC. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European parliament and of the council of 18 December 2006 concerning the registration, evaluation, authorisation and restriction of chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals agency, amending directive 1999/45/EC and repealing council regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and commission regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as council directive 76/769/EEC and commission directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/Ec and 2000/21/EC, including amendments.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### **General information**

This product should be used as directed. For further information consult the product data sheet or contact technical services.

### Information sources

This safety data sheet was compiled using current safety information supplied by distributor raw materials.

### **Risk phrases in full**

R12	Extremely flammable.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
R11	Highly flammable
R36	Irritating to eyes
R38	Irritating to skin
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
R67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness

### Hazard statements in full

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H220	Extremely flammable gas
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol

Anixter H225 H319 H336	Issue H/3 Highly flammable liquid and vapour Causes serious eye irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness
ISSUE:	H/3
REVISION DATE:	JULY 2014
REVIEW DATE:	JULY 2016

This advice is given by Anixter who accepts no legal liability for it. The information herein is based on the present state of our knowledge and is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements. It should not therefore, be construed as guaranteeing specific properties.

10 | Page

July 2014