

SAFETY DATA SHEET BOSTIK CL-THIN M501 MOD

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

BOSTIK CL-THIN M501 MOD
60445

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Adhesive Cleaner / Thinner

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	BOSTIK LIMITED
	COMMON ROAD
	STAFFORD
	STAFFORDSHIRE
	ST16 3EH
	+44 1785 272625
	sds.uk@bostik.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 1785 272650 (24 Hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical and Chemical Hazards	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225
Human health	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315;Eye Irrit. 2 - H319;Repr. 2 - H361d;STOT SE 3 -
	H336;STOT RE 2 - H373;Asp. Tox. 1 - H304
Environment	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
Xn;R48/20, R65. Repr. Cat. 3;R6	3. Xi;R36/38. F;R11. N;R51/53. R67.
Hazard Statements are Displayed i	n Section 16

Classification (1999/45/EEC)

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember.

2.2. Label elements

Contains

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED LIGHT, DEAROMATIZED; <0.1% BENZENE NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT, <0.1% BENZENE, TOLUENE

Label In Accordance With (EC) No. 1272/2008



Signal Word Hazard Statements

Danger

H225 H304

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

	Dooriitte	
	H315	Causes skin irritation.
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements		
	P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	P302+352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.
Supplementary Precautionary S	Statements	
	P233	Keep container tightly closed.
	P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
	P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
	P261	Avoid breathing vapour/spray.
	P264	Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
	P370+378	In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog for extinction.
	P301+330+331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P304+340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
	P305+351+338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P308+313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
	P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
	P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P332+313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
	P391	Collect spillage.
	P403+233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

BUTANONE			10-30%
CAS-No.: 78-93-3	EC No.: 201-159-0		Registration Number: 01-2119457290-43
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		Classification (67/548/EEC) F;R11	
EUH066 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336		Xi;R36 R66 R67	
CYCLOHEXANE			< 1%
CAS-No.: 110-82-7	EC No.: 203-806-2		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		F;R11 Xn:R65	
STOT SE 3 - H336		Xi;R38	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		R67	
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		N;R50/53	

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODES	ULFURIZED LIGHT, DEARO	MATIZED; <0.1% BENZENE	10-30%
CAS-No.: 92045-53-9	EC No.: 295-434-2		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		Classification (67/548/EEC) Xn;R65.	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		Xi;R38.	
STOT SE 3 - H336		F;R11.	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		N;R51/53.	
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		R67.	
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTRE	ATED LIGHT, <0.1% BENZE	NE,	10-30%
CAS-No.: 64742-49-0	EC No.:		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		Xn;R65.	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		Xi;R38.	
STOT SE 3 - H336		F;R11.	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		N;R51/53.	
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		R67.	
N-HEXANE			< 1%
CAS-No.: 110-54-3	EC No.: 203-777-6		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		F;R11	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Repr. 2 - H361f		Repr. Cat. 3;R62 Xn;R65,R48/20	
STOT SE 3 - H336		Xi;R38	
STOT RE 2 - H373		R67	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		N;R51/53	
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411			
TOLUENE			30-60%
CAS-No.: 108-88-3	EC No.: 203-625-9		Registration Number: 01-2119471310-51
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		F;R11	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Repr. 2 - H361d		Repr. Cat. 3;R63	
Repr. 2 - H361d STOT SE 3 - H336		Xn;R48/20,R65 Xi;R38	
STOT RE 2 - H373		R67	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304			

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

CAUTION! First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue! Remove victim immediately from source of exposure. Inhalation

Move into fresh air and keep at rest. Be aware that symptoms of lung oedema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after exposure. Immediately call an ambulance.

Ingestion

Eve contact

Get medical attention immediately! DO NOT induce vomiting if swallowed chemical is dissolved in petroleum-based material. Danger of aspiration and development of chemical pneumonia. Skin contact

Wash off promptly and flush contaminated skin with water. Promptly remove clothing if soaked through and flush skin with water. If adhesive bonds skin, flush with water and seek medical assistance. Do not attempt to force skin apart if bonded. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Immediately flush with plenty of water or eyewash solution for up to 10 minutes. Immediately transport to hospital or eye specialist.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No recommendation given, but first aid may still be required in case of accidental exposure, inhalation or ingestion of this chemical. If in doubt, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION PROMPTLY!

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water as an extinguisher.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE! May explode when heated or when exposed to flames or sparks. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground to sources of ignition. May travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Fire causes formation of toxic gases. Vapours may give explosive mixture with air at temperatures below normal room temperature. Specific hazards

When heated and in case of fire, harmful vapours/gases may be formed.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Avoid breathing fire vapours. Keep up-wind to avoid fumes. Fight advanced or massive fires from safe distance or protected location. Be aware of danger of explosion. Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources. Dike for water control. Protective equipment for fire-fighters

Self contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Eye contact MUST be prevented by means of suitable personal protection equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not smoke, use open fire or other sources of ignition. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapours. Provide adequate ventilation. In case of spills, beware of slippery floors and surfaces. Wear self contained breathing apparatus.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow ANY environmental contamination. Contain spillages with sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wear necessary protective equipment. Clean-up personnel should use respiratory and/or liquid contact protection. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Stop leak if possible without risk. DO NOT touch spilled material! Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Ensure that waste and contaminated materials are collected and removed from the work area as soon as possible in a suitably labelled container. Ventilate well, stop flow of gas or liquid if possible. Remove ignition sources. Do not allow chemical to enter confined spaces such as sewers due to explosion risk. Sewers designed to preclude formation of explosive concentrations of vapour may be permitted.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Avoid contact with eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Risk of vapour concentration on the floor and in low-lying areas. Use explosion proof electric equipment. Contaminated rags and cloths must be put in fireproof containers for disposal. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep upright. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Store in tightly closed original container in a dry and cool place.

Storage Class

Flammable liquid storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Name	STD	TWA	- 8 Hrs	STEL	- 15 Min	Notes
BUTANONE	WEL	200 ppm(Sk)	600 mg/m3(Sk)	300 ppm(Sk)	899 mg/m3(Sk)	
CYCLOHEXANE	WEL	100 ppm	350 mg/m3	300 ppm	1050 mg/m3	
N-HEXANE	WEL	20 ppm	72 mg/m3			
TOLUENE	WEL	50 ppm(Sk)	191 mg/m3(Sk)	100 ppm(Sk)	384 mg/m3(Sk)	

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ingredient Comments

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level.

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

Respiratory equipment

If ventilation is insufficient, suitable respiratory protection must be provided. Check that mask fits tight and change filter regularly. Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge.

Hand protection

Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin. Protective gloves should be used if there is a risk of direct contact or splash. Viton rubber (fluor rubber). Eye protection

Wear splash-proof eye goggles to prevent any possibility of eye contact.

Other Protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Use appropriate skin cream to prevent drying of skin.

Wear apron or protective clothing in case of splashes.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid
Colour	Amber.
Odour	No characteristic odour.
Solubility	Forms an emulsion.
Relative density	0.785
Flash point (°C)	- 25

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

Avoid Contact with acids. Contact with peroxides. Contact with alkalis. Contact with combustibles. Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire, toxic gases (CO, CO2, NOx) may be formed.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

General information Known or suspected teratogen.

Inhalation

Vapour may irritate respiratory system or lungs. May cause nausea and vomiting Anaesthetic in high concentrations. Unconsciousness, possibly death.

Ingestion

Pneumonia may be the result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.

Skin contact

May be absorbed through the skin. Product has a defatting effect on skin. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

Eye contact

May cause severe irritation to eyes. Contact with the eyes may cause physical damage

Route of entry

Inhalation. Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.

Medical Symptoms

High concentrations of vapours may irritate respiratory system and lead to headache, fatigue, nausea and vomiting.

Medical Considerations

Chronic respiratory and obstructive airway diseases. Skin disorders and allergies. History of smoking.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Dangerous for the environment: May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Contamination of the terrestrial and aquatic environments should be avoided

12.1. Toxicity

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Degradability No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility:

Mobile.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

12.6. Other adverse effects

Not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General information

This material is classified as special waste as defined by Special Waste Regulations 1996 and must be disposed of by an authorised contractor

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Class

Classified as Special Waste. Not permitted for landfill in liquid state.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN)	1263
UN No. (IMDG)	1263
UN No. (ICAO)	1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED LIGHT,
	DEAROMATIZED; <0.1% BENZENE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class	3
ADR/RID/ADN Class	Class 3: Flammable liquids.
ADR Label No.	3
IMDG Class	3
ICAO Class/Division	3
Transport Labels	



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN Packing group	II
IMDG Packing group	II
ICAO Packing group	II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS	F-E, S-E
Emergency Action Code	•3YE
Hazard No. (ADR)	33
Tunnel Restriction Code	(D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Statutory Instruments

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (S.I 2009 No. 716). Control of Substances Hazardous to Health.

Approved Code Of Practice

Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations. Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply. Guidance Notes

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37. CHIP for everyone HSG(108). EU Legislation

Dangerous Substance Directive 67/548/EEC. Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

General information

This product should be used as directed by Bostik Ltd. For further information consult the product data sheet or contact Technical Services. Information Sources

This safety data sheet was compiled using current safety information supplied by distributor of raw materials.

Revision Comments

NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision. This safety data sheet supersedes all previous issues and users are cautioned to ensure that it is current. Destroy all previous data sheets and if in doubt contact Bostik Limited. Issued By Approved LJ **Revision Date** February 2014 Revision 13 Date January 2003 Risk Phrases In Full R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. R11 Highly flammable R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin. R36 Irritating to eyes. R38 Irritating to skin. R63 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. R62 Possible risk of impaired fertility. R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Hazard Statements In Full EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. H373 May cause damage to organs << Organs>> through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.