

Stronger Bonds, Better Life

# SAFETY DATA SHEET BOSTIK 3206E

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

#### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name BOSTIK 3206E Product No. 10544, 10547

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Adhesive.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier BOSTIK LIMITED

COMMON ROAD STAFFORD STAFFORDSHIRE ST16 3EH +44 1785 272625 sds.uk@bostik.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 1785 272650 (24 Hours)

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical and Chemical Hazards Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Human health EUH066;Eye Irrit. 2 - H319;Repr. 2 - H361d;STOT SE 3 - H336;STOT RE 2 -

H373

Environment Not classified.

Classification (1999/45/EEC) Xn;R48/20. Repr. Cat. 3;R63. Xi;R36. F;R11. R66, R67.

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

# 2.2. Label elements

Contains TOLUENE Label In Accordance With (EC) No. 1272/2008







Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary Statements** 

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P403+233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P502 Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point Supplementary Precautionary Statements P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. P242 P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P281 Use personal protective equipment as required. P260 Do not breathe vapour/spray. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P370+378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog for extinction. P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P361 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Supplemental label information

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. EUH066 EUH205 Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 2.3. Other hazards

Vapours are heavier than air and can travel long distances to a source of ignition Pilot lights can ignite the vapour Contains Epoxy consituents

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

ACETONE			30-60%
CAS-No.: 67-64-1	EC No.: 200-662-2		Registration Number: 01-2119471330-49
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		F;R11	
EUH066		Xi;R36	
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		R66	
STOT SE 3 - H336		R67	

**BUTANONE** 30-60% CAS-No.: 78-93-3 EC No.: 201-159-0 Registration Number: 01-2119457290-43

Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classification (67/548/EEC) Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 F;R11

EUH066 Xi;R36 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 R66 STOT SE 3 - H336 R67

TOLUENE 10-30%

CAS-No.: 108-88-3 EC No.: 203-625-9 Registration Number: 01-2119471310-51

Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classification (67/548/EEC)

Flam. Lig. 2 - H225 F;R11

 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315
 Repr. Cat. 3;R63

 Repr. 2 - H361d
 Xn;R48/20,R65

 STOT SE 3 - H336
 Xi:R38

STOT RE 2 - H373 R67 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim immediately from source of exposure. Move into fresh air and keep at rest. Get medical attention.

Ingestion

Get medical attention immediately! DO NOT induce vomiting if swallowed chemical is dissolved in petroleum-based material. Danger of aspiration and development of chemical pneumonia.

Skin contact

Remove affected person from source of contamination. Wash off promptly and flush contaminated skin with water. Promptly remove clothing if soaked through and flush skin with water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

Eye contact

Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention and bring these instructions.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE! Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground to sources of ignition.

Specific hazards

Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Toxic gases/vapours/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrocarbons. Vapours may form explosive air mixtures even at room temperature.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Avoid breathing fire vapours. Keep up-wind to avoid fumes. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Fight advanced or massive fires from safe distance or protected location. Be aware of risk of fire re-starting, and risk of explosion.

Protective equipment for fire-fighters

Self contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. In case of spills, beware of slippery floors and surfaces. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin contact.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not discharge onto the ground or into water courses.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up personnel should use respiratory and/or liquid contact protection. Ventilate well, stop flow of gas or liquid if possible. Remove ignition sources. Do not allow chemical to enter confined spaces such as sewers due to explosion risk. Sewers designed to preclude formation of explosive concentrations of vapour may be permitted. Collect with absorbent, non-combustible material into suitable containers.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Class

Flammable liquid storage.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

Name	STD	TWA - 8 Hrs		STEL - 15 Min		Notes
ACETONE	WEL	500 ppm	1210 mg/m3	1500 ppm	3620 mg/m3	
BUTANONE	WEL	200	600 ma/m3(Sk)	300	899 ma/m3(Cls)	
TOLUENE	WEL	ppm(Sk) 50 ppm(Sk)	mg/m3(Sk) 191	ppm(Sk) 100	mg/m3(Sk) 384	
TOLUENE	**	оо ррицок)	mg/m3(Sk)	ppm(Sk)	mg/m3(Sk)	

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment









Process conditions

Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level.

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

Respiratory equipment

In case of inadequate ventilation and work of brief duration, use suitable respiratory equipment. At work in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, respiratory protection with air supply must be used.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin.

Eye protection

Use approved safety goggles or face shield.

Other Protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly with soap & water if skin becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Skin protection

Wear apron or protective clothing in case of splashes.

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid

Colour Colourless.

Odour Organic solvents.

Solubility Insoluble in water

Relative density 0.9
Viscosity 30 N/A.
Flash point (°C) < -7

#### 9.2. Other information

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### 10.1. Reactivity

### 10.2. Chemical stability

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with strong oxidisers. Avoid contact with strong reducing agents. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

If heated, vapours/gases hazardous to health (e.g. CO, NOx, isocyanates) may be formed.

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

# Inhalation

Vapour from this chemical can be hazardous when inhaled. Vapours have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

#### Ingestion

Pneumonia may be the result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.

### Skin contact

Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema.

#### Eve contact

Extreme irritation of eyes and mucous membranes, including burning and tearing.

Medical Considerations

Skin disorders and allergies. History of smoking.

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, contamination of the aquatic or terrestrial environments should be avoided

### 12.1. Toxicity

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### General information

Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Disposal to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the local Waste Disposal Authority. Waste, residue, empty containers, discarded work clothes and used disposable towels must be collected in designated receptacles, labelled with content. When handling waste, consideration should be made to the safety precautions applying to handling of the product.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN) 1133 UN No. (IMDG) 1133 UN No. (ICAO) 1133

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name ADHESIVES

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class 3

ADR/RID/ADN Class Class 3: Flammable liquids.

ADR Label No. 3
IMDG Class 3
ICAO Class/Division 3

Transport Labels



### 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN Packing group III
IMDG Packing group III
ICAO Packing group III

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant

No.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS F-E, S-D
Emergency Action Code •3YE
Hazard No. (ADR) 33
Tunnel Restriction Code (D/E)

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Statutory Instruments

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (S.I 2009 No. 716).

Approved Code Of Practice

Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply.

**Guidance Notes** 

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. CHIP for everyone HSG(108).

**EU** Legislation

Dangerous Substance Directive 67/548/EEC. Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 with amendments.

#### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

General information

This product should be used as directed by Bostik Ltd. For further information consult the product data sheet or contact Technical Services.

Information Sources

This safety data sheet was compiled using current safety information supplied by distributor of raw materials.

**Revision Comments** 

NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision. This safety data sheet supersedes all previous issues and users are cautioned to ensure that it is current. Destroy all previous data sheets and if in doubt contact Bostik Limited.

Issued By Approved LJ
Revision Date February 2014

Revision 12

Date April 2003

Risk Phrases In Full

R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R11 Highly flammable
R36 Irritating to eyes.
R38 Irritating to skin.

R63 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Hazard Statements In Full

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs << Organs>> through prolonged or repeated exposure.